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Technologies:

1

Bioremediation of soils contaminated by crude oil and petroleum products

2

Railroad track ballast decontamination using GEOLEX

3

The algal biotechnologies for advanced effluent treatment, bioponds and polishing lagoons

4

Hydroseeding applications using microalgae

5

Enhanced biodegradation of petroleum sludges using consortia producing oil simultaneously with biofuel potential

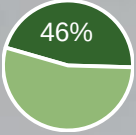
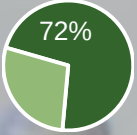
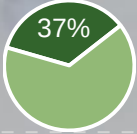
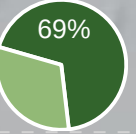
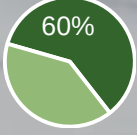
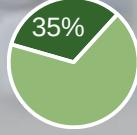
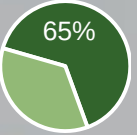
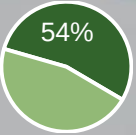
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Value-added products from total tree chips



Biotrin

Efficiency based on criteria included processing time, contaminant type

BIOTRIN	t, days	Removal efficiency, %		Alkane and PAH transformation, %	
		used oil	petroleum	fluorene, phenanthrene, pyrene, benz(a)anthracene, fluoranthene	n-alkanes C13-C25
Yeast	7	—			—
Bacteria	14				
Microalgae	7	—	—		
	30			—	—

BIOTRIN is used for oil-contaminated sites (soil, water, etc.), the treatment and post-accident remediation in oil fields, petroleum pipelines and storage facilities. It is recommended for the environmental remediation in northern, middle and southern taiga zone.

BIOTRIN is a versatile product as its composition and a supporting matrix can vary significantly depending on a specific task.

BIOTRIN is delivered as a suspension or a finished biotechnological product on the supporting matrix.

Supporting matrices:

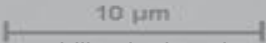
- Glaucanite
- Argillite
- Peat
- Dewatered activated sludge
- Lignin
- Diammonium phosphate
- Biopolymers

After reducing of the TPH in soil, water or bed silt the number of microorganisms introduced with the product diminishes because of a lack of available carbon.

The rate of biodestruction under aerobic conditions and temperature ranging from +10°C to +35°C (for 120 days) is 75–90%.

The rate of biodestruction under aerobic conditions and temperature ranging from +2°C to +10°C is 50–60%

Reference publications:
Shchemelinina, T.N. et al., 2021. The analcime-bearing rock immobilized microalgae: Stress resistance, psychrotolerance, phenol removal. *Bioresour. Technol.* 322,124560. DOI: [10.1016/j.biortech.2020.124560](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biortech.2020.124560)
Tarabukin, D.V. et al., 2017. Biosorbents based on esterified starch carrying immobilized oil-degrading microorganisms. *J. biotechnol.* 260, 31-37. DOI: [10.1016/j.jbiotec.2017.08.024](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbiotec.2017.08.024)

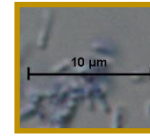




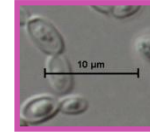
GEOLEX

Principal characteristics:

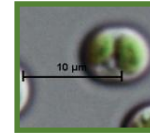
	Comparables	GEOLEX
Buoyancy, days	20–30	60
Oil sorption capacity, kg (oil/sorbent)	4–10/1	from 8/1
Biodestruction under aerobic conditions and in the temperature range of +10°C to +25°C	20–70%	65–98%
Biodestruction under aerobic conditions and in the temperature range of 0°C to +10°C	12–40%	60–70%
Biodegradability	–	+
Specific disposal	required	not required



Pseudomonas yamanorum
(VKM B-3033D)

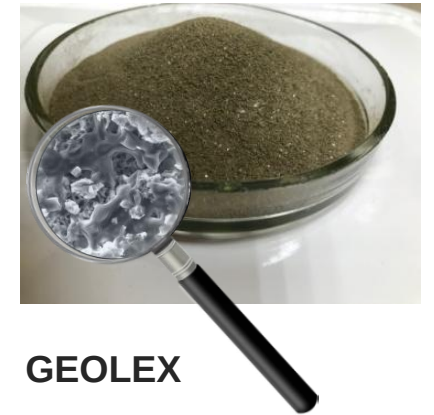


Rhodotorula glutinis
(VKM Y-2998D)



Chlorella vulgaris f. *globosa*
(SYKO A Ch-011-10)

Consortium of algae, bacteria and yeast



Reference publications:

Shchemelinina, T.N. et al., 2017. New trends in the mechanisms of increasing productivity of mineral-based materials. *Vestnik IG*. 270. 40-42. DOI:[10.19110/2221-1381-2017-6-40-42](https://doi.org/10.19110/2221-1381-2017-6-40-42)
 Shchemelinina, T.N. et al., 2018. Zeolite and clay raw: experimental modeling of biogeosorbents. *Vestnik IG*. 285. 50-57. DOI:[10.19110/2221-1381-2018-9-50-57](https://doi.org/10.19110/2221-1381-2018-9-50-57)
 Shushkov, D.A. et al., 2020. Alcalcime-bearing rocks as advanced sorbents. *Építőanyag – JSBCM*. 72 (5), 156-164. DOI:[10.14382/epitoanyag-jsbcm.2020.26](https://doi.org/10.14382/epitoanyag-jsbcm.2020.26)



Railroad track ballast decontamination using GEOLEX:

**The TPH removal
efficiency is
97 – 99 %.**

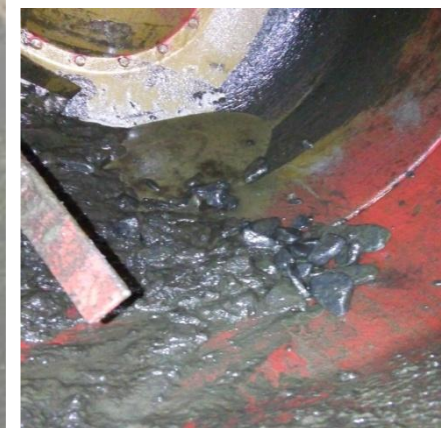
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2



3



4



5



	The exposure period in the aeration rotor, h	TPH content
Initial	-	24
The GEOLEX Biogeosorbent applied	1	0.6
	36	0.7



The algal biotechnologies of the effluent treatment

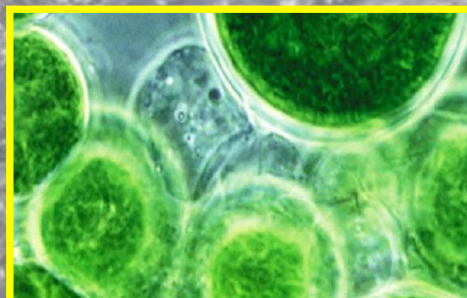
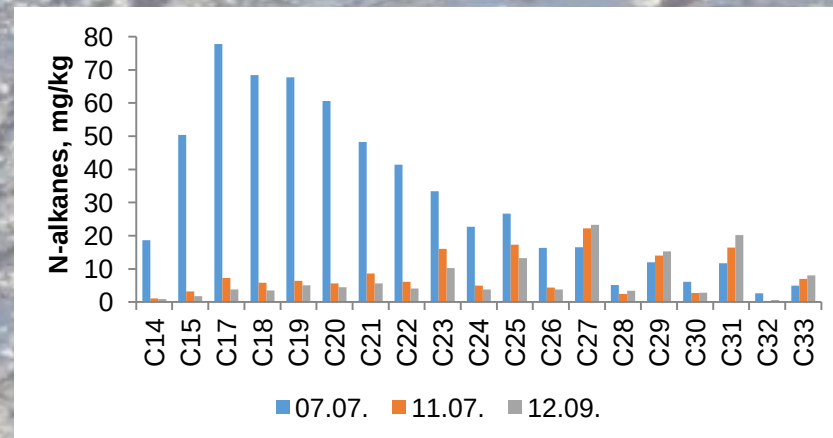


During 2014, the efficiency of the phenol removal in effluent treatment facilities of the pulp and paper mill was 73.6%. Having been inoculated with a suspension of the microalgal strain *Acutodesmus obliquus* with the cell titer of 10^5 - 10^6 for a week the efficiency of the phenol removal rose to 85.9%. The suspension consumption was 19 L/day.



Microalgal application for soil remediation

The TPH removal efficiency - 74%





Tests of the biogeosorbent "GEOLEX" on oil-contaminated sites in Western Siberia, 2018



Cleaning efficiency in 60 days
87%



Industrial reclamation of polluted areas in 2020 with the use of biogeosorbent "GEOLEX"



**Cleaning efficiency in 60 days
85-91 %**





Industrial reclamation of polluted areas 2016-2022 with the use of BIOTRIN biologics and GEOLEX ® biogeosorbent



**Cleaning efficiency
in 60 days
85-95 %**





Thanks for your attention

